

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS CAUTION

Keep away from humans, domestic animals, and pets. May be fatal or harmful if swallowed. Avoid eye or skin contact. Do not breathe dust. Avoid contamination of feed or food stuffs. Prevent the contact of bait with acids. Wash hands thoroughly with soap and water after use. Use rubber gloves if contact with skin occur when mixing or placing bait. Wash all utensils, spoons, or measuring devices thoroughly.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

Notice: It is a Federal offense to use any pesticide in a manner that results in the death of a member of an endangered species. The use of this product may pose a hazard to Federally designated endangered/threatened species. Suggested measures to protect endangered species in your county may exist in an EPA "Interim Measures" pamphlet. You may call EPA's Endangered Species Hotline, 1-800-447-3813, to find out if an "Interim Measures" pamphlet exists for your county and have one sent to you. You can also consult your local county extension office or pesticide state lead agency to determine whether they have imposed any requirements in your area to protect endangered and threatened species.

This product is toxic to wildlife and fish. Birds and other wildlife feeding in treated areas may be killed. Use with care when applying in areas frequented by wildlife or adjacent to any body of water. For terrestrial uses, do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. This product shall not be applied over bodies of water, in areas inhabited by livestock, or where a hazard exists to rare or endangered species. Do not contaminate water by cleaning of equipment or disposal of wastes.

ENDANGERED SPECIES CONSIDERATIONS

Whooping Crane (*Grus americana*) Do not use this product 30 days prior to arrival and 30 days after the whooping crane leaves its known critical habitat.
Attwater's Greater Prairie-Chicken (*Tympanuchus cupido attwateri*) Do not use this product in critical habitat of the Attwater's greater prairie chicken in the following Texas counties: Aransas, Austin, Brazoria, Colorado, De Witt, Ft. Bend, Galveston, Goliad, Harris, Refugio, Victoria, Walter, and Wharton.
Yellow-Shouldered Blackbird (*Agelaius xanthomus*) and **Puerto Rican Plain Pigeon (*Columba inornata wetmorei*)** Do not use in critical habitat except in tamper-proof bait boxes within 6.3 miles of central Aquirre Lago Cicra, Ceiba, San German, 9.4 miles of La Esperanza, south of highway 2 from city at Mayaguez to the city of Ponce, and all of Mona Island, Puerto Rico.
Utah Prairie Dog (*Cynomys parvidens*) Do not use this product in critical habitat of the Utah prairie dog (Utah).
Salt Marsh Harvest Mouse (*Reithrodontomys raviventris*) Do not use this product in critical habitat within 0.5 miles of salt marsh vegetation and/or brackish water wetlands which are located 1) near or adjacent to San Pablo Bay and San Francisco Bay, or 2) in the Sacramento River below or adjacent to the confluence of the Sacramento River and the San Joaquin River. (California)
Morro Bay Kangaroo Rat (*Dipodomys heermanni morroensis*) Do not use this product in critical habitat within 2.5 miles of Baywood park which is located on Morro Bay (California)
Aleutian Canada Goose (*Branta canadensis leucopareia*) Do not use this product from October to March in the federally closed goose hunting areas in the State of California. See current duck and goose hunting game laws for current map.

RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE

Due to hazards to nontarget species
For retail sale to and use only by Certified Applicators or persons under their direct supervision and only for those uses covered by the Certified Applicators certification.

ZINC PHOSPHIDE ON OATS

For the control of black-tailed prairie dogs, white-tailed prairie dogs, and Gunnison's prairie dogs on rangelands in the following states: North Dakota, South Dakota, Nebraska, Kansas, Oklahoma, Texas, New Mexico, Arizona, Colorado, Montana, Utah and Wyoming.

For the control of California ground squirrels along noncrop rights-of-way in the following states: California, Nevada, and Oregon.

For the control of meadow and pine voles, and white-footed mice in orchards and groves.

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:

| | |
|--------------------|--------|
| Zinc Phosphide | 2.0% |
| INERT INGREDIENTS: | 98.0% |
| TOTAL | 100.0% |

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

STATEMENT OF PRACTICAL TREATMENT

Any persons applying zinc phosphide products and experiencing signs or symptoms such as nausea, abdominal pain, tightness in the chest or weakness, should be seen by a physician immediately.

IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a Poison Control Center or physician, or transport the patient to the nearest hospital. Do not drink water. Do not administer anything by mouth or make the patient vomit unless advised to do so by a physician.

IF IN EYES: Flush with plenty of water. Get medical attention if irritation persists.

IF ON SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing and wash affected areas with soap and water.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
ANIMAL AND PLANT HEALTH INSPECTION SERVICE
Riverdale, MD 20737-1237
EPA Est. No. 56228-ID-1
EPA Reg. No. 56228-14

Net Weight:

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

STORAGE: Store only in original container, in a dry place inaccessible to children, pets, and domestic animals.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticide wastes are acutely hazardous. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spilled bait, or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Completely empty by shaking and tapping sides and bottom to loosen clinging particles. Empty residue into application equipment then dispose of bags in a sanitary landfill or by incineration if allowed by State and local authorities.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

PRAIRIE DOGS

USE RESTRICTIONS: For control of black-tailed (*Cynomys ludovicianus*), white-tailed (*C. leucurus*), and Gunnison's prairie dogs (*C. gunnisoni*), on rangeland in Western United States (North Dakota, South Dakota, Nebraska, Kansas, Oklahoma, Texas, New Mexico, Arizona, Colorado, Montana, Utah, and Wyoming) where non-target species will not be endangered.

PREBAITING: Prebait with 4 grams (1 teaspoon) of untreated steam-rolled oats per mound, 1-2 days prior to baiting, to increase acceptance of treated baits by prairie dogs.

BAITING: Apply bait only after all or most of prebait is eaten and only to areas where untreated bait was consumed. Establish observation period during prebaiting. Apply bait by hand as a six-inch bait spot on edge of each mound or in adjacent feeding areas. Application rate should not exceed 4 grams (1 teaspoon) per bait spot. Treat during late summer or fall period (July-February). Do not apply more than 1 bait application during this period. Dispose of spilled or unwanted bait by burial.

SEE BACK PANEL FOR ADDITIONAL DIRECTIONS FOR USE.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE (Continued)

CALIFORNIA GROUND SQUIRRELS

USE RESTRICTIONS: For control of California ground squirrels (*Spermophilus beecheyi*) on noncrop rights-of-way adjacent to canal and ditch banks and other noncrop borders during late Spring and Summer. Zinc phosphide must not be applied on roads, near residential areas, over water or where plants are grown for food or feed. Before undertaking ground squirrel control with this product, consult local, State, and Federal game authorities to insure use is in accordance with regulations.

PREBAITING: Prebait with 6 pounds of untreated oat groats per acre along rights-of-way 2-3 days prior to applying toxic bait to increase bait acceptance by ground squirrels.

BAITING: Treat only once during treatment period and only after prebait is consumed. Broadcast bait in a 10-15 foot swath along right-of-way. Using hand or ground-driven bait dispensing devices not to exceed 6 pounds per acre. Bait will be applied only to the canal right-of-way between the base of the levee and adjacent properties. The canal and levee will not be treated. Dispose of bait and carcasses by burial within 3 days after treatment.

VOLES AND WHITE-FOOTED MICE

USE RESTRICTIONS: For control of meadow and pine voles (*Microtus spp.*) and white-footed mice (*Peromyscus spp.*) in orchards and groves. Apply bait after harvest while the orchard or grove is in a nonbearing phase. Do not apply on bare ground or growing crops. Wear rubber gloves when handling bait. Do not graze animals in treated areas.

HANDBAITING: Near the base of each infested tree, place teaspoonful quantities of bait at 2-4 locations, either on surface or at the mouth of holes leading to underground burrow systems. Cover bait artificially (e.g., mats, boards) or by pulling overhanging grass back into place. Do not disturb the runway system. Bait at the rate of 2-3 pounds per acre of infested trees.

TRAILBUILDER: Drop teaspoonful quantity of bait at 4-5 foot intervals in the artificial trail made by the machine just inside the drip line on both sides of the trees. Apply at the rate of 2-3 pounds per acre.

BROADCAST BAITING: Under infested trees broadcast evenly by cyclone seeder or by hand. Concentrate in areas with the heaviest vegetation cover. Apply at the rate of 6-10 pounds per acre.

AERIAL: Broadcast bait at a rate of 6-10 pounds per acre.